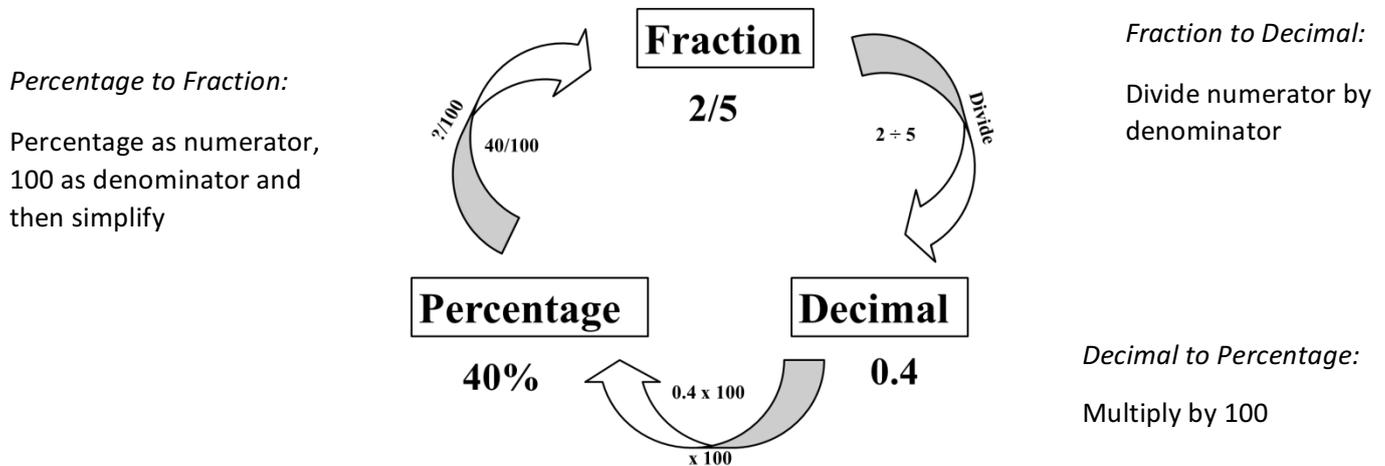


## Guide for Ratio & Proportion – MAC Calculation policy

### Converting between fractions, decimals and percentages



### Percentages

Whilst pupils should be familiar with many operations involving percentages in mathematics lessons it is not proposed to elaborate on all of them in this booklet. The following is a sample of operations which pupils will be expected to use in other areas. It is important to reiterate that “per cent” means “out of 100” (compare to century, Cents in a dollar etc).

### Calculating percentages of a quantity

Methods for calculating percentages of a quantity vary depending upon the percentage required. Pupils should be aware that fractions, decimals and percentages are different ways of representing part of a whole and know the simple equivalents

eg  $10\% = \frac{1}{10}$        $12\% = 0.12$

Where percentages have simple fraction equivalents, fractions of the amount can be calculated.

- eg.      i) To find 50% of an amount, halve the amount.  
          ii) To find 75% of an amount, find a quarter by dividing by four and then multiply it by three.

Most other percentages can be found by finding 10%, by dividing by 10, and then finding multiples or fractions of that amount

- eg.      To find 30% of an amount first find 10% by dividing the amount by 10 and then multiply this by three.  
 $30\% = 3 \times 10\%$

Similarly:  $5\% = \text{half of } 10\%$  and  $15\% = 10\% + 5\%$

Most other percentages can be calculated in this way.

When using the calculator it is usual to think of the percentage as a decimal. Pupils should be encouraged to convert the question to a sentence containing mathematical symbols. ('of' means X)

eg. Find 27% of £350 becomes

$$0.27 \times £350 =$$

and this is how it should be entered into the calculator.

### Calculating the amount as a percentage

In every case the amount should be expressed as a fraction of the original amount and then converted to a percentage in one of the following ways:

- i) What is 15 as a percentage of 60?  
(using simple fractions)

$$\frac{15}{60} = \frac{1}{4} = 25\%$$

- ii) What is 27 out of 50 as a percentage?  
(using equivalent fractions)

$$\frac{27}{50} \times 2 = \frac{54}{100} = 54\%$$

- iii) What is 39 as a percentage of 57?  
(Using a calculator)

$$\frac{39}{57} = 39 \div 57 = 0.684 \text{ (to 3 d.p.)} = 68.4\%$$

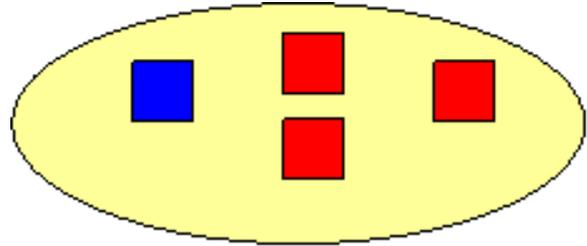
## Ratio and Proportion

Ratio compares one quantity with another.

Proportion compares the quantity out of the total.

E.g. In this diagram:

|            |                               |
|------------|-------------------------------|
|            | Blue to Red                   |
| Ratio      | 1 : 3                         |
| Proportion | $\frac{1}{4}$ : $\frac{3}{4}$ |



## Dividing a quantity in to a given ratio

To divide a quantity in a given ratio

e.g. Divide £60 in the ratio 2 : 3

1. Add the parts of the ratio (find the total number of parts)  
 $2 + 3 = 5$
2. Divide the quantity by the total number of parts (find the size of each part)  
 $60 \div 5 = 12$
3. Multiply by the number of shares  
 $12 \times 2 = 24$   
 $12 \times 3 = 48$   
The two amounts are £24 and £48

## Proportion – Unitary method

Find the amount for one quantity and use this to find the required number of quantities.

E.g. Courtney buys 3 tins of soup for £1.95

Imogen buys 5 tins of soup. How much does she pay?

1. Find the cost of one tin:  
 $£1.95 \div 3 = £0.65$
2. Multiply the cost of one tin by five  
 $£0.65 \times 5 = £3.25$

## Exchange rates

Example exchange rate: £1 : €1.15

